

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mathbb{E}_p^+ - \quad x_p > 0 - \\
 & x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_p), D- \quad \mathbb{E}_p^+, \\
 & \Gamma_0 \quad x_p = 0 \quad \Gamma. \\
 & \mathbb{E}_p^+ \\
 & T_\alpha U = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x_j^2} + x_p^\alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial x_p} \left( x_p^\alpha \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \right) = 0. \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_\alpha \quad (1).$$

$$T_\alpha - \quad (1).$$

$$(1),$$

$$(1)$$

$$(1)$$

**§1.**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mathbb{E}_p^+ \\
 & T_\alpha U = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x_j^2} + x_p^\alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial x_p} \left( x_p^\alpha \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \right) = 0, \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\alpha > 1, \alpha \in \mathbb{Z}.$

(1)

$$\xi_j = x_j, j = \overline{1, p-1}, \xi_p = \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\Delta U = 0, \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & V(\xi) = \varphi(\xi) \quad D \quad G. \quad U(x) = \varphi \left( x, \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (1) \quad D. \quad x_p \rightarrow 0 \\
 & U(x) = o(1), \quad U(x) = O(x_p^{(\alpha-1)(p-2)}) \quad x_p \rightarrow 0, \quad p \geq 3. \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (1) \quad x_p \rightarrow 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & T_\alpha \quad U(x) \quad (1) \quad D \\
 & \quad \quad U(x) = o(1) \quad x_p \rightarrow 0. \\
 & \quad \quad T_\alpha \quad D \quad \tilde{D} = D \cup \Gamma \\
 & \quad \quad H_{T_\alpha}(\tilde{D}). \quad V(x), m \\
 & \quad \quad \tilde{D}, \quad x_p \rightarrow 0 \quad V(x) = O(x_p^{(\alpha-1)(p-2)}) \\
 & \quad \quad C_\alpha^m(\tilde{D}). \quad C_\alpha(\Gamma)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \psi(\xi), \quad \Gamma \quad : 1) \quad \psi \in C(\Gamma); \\
 & 2) \quad \psi = O(\xi_s^\alpha) \quad \xi_s \rightarrow 0. \\
 & \quad \quad U, V \in C^2(D) \cap C_\alpha^1(\tilde{D}).
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & VT_\alpha U + \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_j} + x_p^{1-\alpha} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_p} = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left( V \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_j} \right) + x_p^{1-\alpha} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_p} \left( x_p^\alpha V \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \right). \quad (3) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (3) \quad x_p^{-\alpha}, \quad D
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_D VT_\alpha U x_p^{-\alpha} dx + \int_D \left( \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_j} + x_p^{1-\alpha} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_p} \right) x_p^{-\alpha} dx = \int_\Gamma VA_\alpha[U] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma, \quad (4)$$

$$A_\alpha[U] = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \cos(n, x_j) \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_j} + x_p^{2\alpha} \cos(n, x_p) \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (4) \quad T_\alpha \\
 & \quad \quad U \quad V \quad (4),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_D UT_\alpha V x_p^{-\alpha} dx + \int_D \left( \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_j} + x_p^{2\alpha} \frac{\partial V}{\partial x_p} \frac{\partial U}{\partial x_p} \right) x_p^{-\alpha} dx = \int_\Gamma UA_\alpha[V] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma$$

(4),

$$\int_D (VT_\alpha U - UT_\alpha V) x_p^{-\alpha} dx = \int_\Gamma (VA_\alpha[U] - UA_\alpha[V]) x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma$$

(5)

$T_\alpha$

## §2.

(2)

$$W(\xi, \xi_0) = \frac{A}{r_p^{p-2}}, \quad (6)$$

$$r = \sqrt{(\xi_1 - \xi_{1_0})^2 + \dots + (\xi_p - \xi_{p_0})^2}, A -$$

$$E(x, x_0) = \frac{B}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}}, \quad (7)$$

$$\rho_{x_0} = \sqrt{(x' - x'_0)^2 + \left( \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha} - x_{p_0}^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} \right)^2}, B -$$

$C_0^\infty(E_p^+)$

$E_p^+$

$E(x, x_0)$

(1)

$x_0 \in E_p^+$ ,

$$1) \quad \varphi(x) \in C_0^\infty(E_p^+), \quad x_0 \in \text{Supp } \varphi(x)$$

$$\int_{E_p^+} E(x, x_0) T_\alpha \varphi(x) x_p^{-\alpha} dx = -\varphi(x_0);$$

2)

$E_p^+$ ,

$x_0 \in E_p^+$ .

(7)

$$\varphi(x) \in C_0^\infty(E_p^+), \quad x_0 \in \text{Supp } \varphi(x) -$$

$E_p^+$

$x_0$

$\varepsilon$

$S_{x_0} \subset E_p^+$ ,

$S_{x_0}$

$$S_R^+ = \{x \in E_p^+ : |x| = R, x_p > 0\} \quad - \quad E_p^+ \\ R. \quad Q_{sR}^+ \quad , \\ S_{x_0}^+ \quad x_p = 0. \\ (7) \quad \varphi(x)$$

$$Q_{sR}^+ \quad , \\ \int_{Q_{sR}^+} [E(x, x_0) T_\alpha \varphi(x) - \varphi(x) T_\alpha E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dx = \quad , \\ = \int_{S_{x_0}^+} [E(x, x_0) \bar{A}_\alpha[\varphi(x)] - \varphi(x) \bar{A}_\alpha[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} \\ \bar{A}_\alpha \quad - \quad S_{x_0}^+ . \\ Q_{sR}^+ \quad T_\alpha E(x, x_0) = 0 ,$$

$$\int_{Q_{sR}^+} E(x, x_0) T_\alpha \varphi(x) x_p^{-\alpha} dx = - \int_{S_{x_0}^+} [E(x, x_0) A_\alpha[\varphi(x)] - \varphi(x) A_\alpha[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} = \quad , \quad (8) \\ = - \int_{S_{x_0}^+} E(x, x_0) A_\alpha[\varphi(x)] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} + \int_{S_{x_0}^+} \varphi(x) A_\alpha[E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} = I'_\varepsilon + I''_\varepsilon \\ A_\alpha \quad - \quad S_{x_0}^+ . \\ \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \\ \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \quad I'_\varepsilon \rightarrow 0. \quad I''_\varepsilon$$

$$\varepsilon \rightarrow 0, \dots \\ I''_\varepsilon = \int_{S_{x_0}^+} \varphi(x) A_\alpha[E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} = \quad , \\ = B \int_{S_{x_0}^+} \varphi(x) \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} \cos(n, x_j) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right) + x_p^{2\alpha} \cos(n, x_p) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_p} \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right) \right] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} \\ n - \quad S_{x_0}^+ , \quad (\cos(n, x_1), \cos(n, x_2), \dots, \cos(n, x_p)) - \\ S_{x_0}^+$$

$x \in S_{x_0}^+ .$

$$\cos(n, x_j) = \frac{x_j - x_{j_0}}{r_{x_0}}, \quad j = \overline{1, p};$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right) = -(p-2) \rho_{x_0}^{1-p} \frac{x_j - x_{j_0}}{\rho_{x_0}}, \quad j = \overline{1, p-1};$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_p} \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right) = -(p-2) \rho_{x_0}^{1-p} \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha} - x_{p_0}^{1-\alpha}}{\rho_{x_0} x_p^\alpha (1-\alpha)}$$

$$I''_\varepsilon =$$

$$= -\frac{(p-2)B}{\varepsilon} \int_{S_{x_0}} \varphi(x) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{p-1} (x_j - x_{j_0})^2 + x_p^\alpha (x_p - x_{p_0}) \left( \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} - \frac{x_{p_0}^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} \right)}{\rho_{x_0}^p} x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0} =$$

$$= -\frac{(p-2)B}{\varepsilon} \int_{S_{x_0}} \varphi(x) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{p-1} (x_j - x_{j_0})^2 + x_p^\alpha (x_p - x_{p_0}) \left( \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} - \frac{x_{p_0}^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} \right)}{\sum_{j=1}^{p-1} (x_j - x_{j_0})^2 + \left( \frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} - \frac{x_{p_0}^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha} \right)^2} x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0}$$

$$f(x) - f(x_0) = f'(x_0 + \theta(x - x_0))(x - x_0),$$

$$0 < \theta < 1,$$

$$I''_\varepsilon = -\frac{(p-2)B}{\varepsilon} \times$$

$$\times \int_{S_{x_0}} \varphi(x) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{p-1} (x_j - x_{j_0})^2 + \left( \frac{x_p}{x_{p_0} + \theta(x_p - x_{p_0})} \right)^\alpha (x_p - x_{p_0})^2}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} (x_j - x_{j_0})^2 + (x_{p_0} + \theta(x_p - x_{p_0}))^{-2\alpha} (x_p - x_{p_0})^2 \right)^{\frac{p}{2}}} x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0}$$

$$I'' = -\frac{(p-2)B\varphi(x_0)}{x_{p_0}^\alpha} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\varphi_1 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \varphi_2 d\varphi_2 \dots \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{p-1} \varphi_{p-1} d\varphi_{p-1} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^{p-1} \varphi_{p-1} d\varphi_{p-1}}{(\sin^2 \varphi_{p-1} + x_{p_0}^{-2\alpha} \cos^2 \varphi_{p-1})^{\frac{p}{2}}}, \quad \varepsilon \rightarrow 0,$$

$$I'' = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} I''_\varepsilon.$$

$$I'' = -(p-2) \frac{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)} B \varphi(x_0)$$

$$B = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{(p-2)2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}}$$

$$\lim_{\tau \rightarrow 0} I''_{\tau} = \lim_{\tau \rightarrow 0} \int_{S_{\rho\tau}} \varphi(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0\tau} = -\varphi(x_0). \quad (9)$$

$$E(x, x_0) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{(p-2)2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}} \rho_{x_0}^{p-2}}$$

(1)  $x_0$ .

### §3.

$$U(x) \in H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}) \cap C^1(\tilde{D}).$$

$T_{\alpha}$   $D$

$x_0$   $Q_{x_0\tau}$   $\varepsilon$

$Q_{x_0\tau}$   $D$

$$D_{\tau} = D \setminus \bar{Q}_{x_0\tau} \quad (1)$$

$H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}_{\tau}) \cap C^1(\tilde{D}_{\tau}).$   $U(x)$   $E(x, x_0)$

$T_{\alpha}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{\tilde{D}_{\tau}} [E(x, x_0) T_{\alpha} U(x) - U(x) T_{\alpha} E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dx = \\ & = \int_{\Gamma} [E(x, x_0) A_{\alpha}[U(x)] - U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma + \\ & + \int_{S_{x_0\tau}} [-E(x, x_0) A_{\alpha}[U(x)] + U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0\tau}. \\ & T_{\alpha} E(x, x_0) = 0, T_{\alpha} U(x) = 0 \quad D_{\tau}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{\Gamma} [E(x, x_0) A_{\alpha}[U(x)] - U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = \\
& = \int_{S_{x_0 \varepsilon}} [E(x, x_0) A_{\alpha}[U(x)] - U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0 \varepsilon} = I_{1\varepsilon} + I_{2\varepsilon}, \\
& \begin{matrix} A_{\alpha} & S_{x_0 \varepsilon} & \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \\ & & \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix} \\
I_{1\varepsilon} & \rightarrow 0, & \begin{matrix} I_{2\varepsilon} & \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \\ I''_{\varepsilon} & \varepsilon \rightarrow 0 \end{matrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} I_{2\varepsilon} = -\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{S_{x_0 \varepsilon}} U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)] x_p^{-\alpha} dS_{x_0 \varepsilon} = U(x_0) \cdot$$

$$U(x) \in H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}) \cap C^1(\tilde{D})$$

$x_0 \in D$

$$U(x_0) = \int_{\Gamma} [E(x, x_0) A_{\alpha}[U(x)] - U(x) A_{\alpha}[E(x, x_0)]] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma.$$

§4. (1)

$$H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D})$$

$$1. \quad U(x) \in H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}) \cap C^1(\tilde{D}),$$

$$\int_{\Gamma} A_{\alpha}[U(x)] x_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = 0.$$

$$2. \quad U(x) \in H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}),$$

$U(x)$

$\Gamma,$

$$U(x) \in H_{T_{\alpha}}(\tilde{D}),$$

$$|U(x)| \leq \max_{x_0 \in \Gamma} |U(x_0)|, x \in D.$$

$$U(x)|_{\Gamma} = 0, \quad U(x) \equiv 0 \quad D.$$

§5.

$$U(x), T_{\alpha} \quad D, \quad (D_i), \quad \tilde{D}$$

$$U|_{\Gamma} = f(\xi), \quad f(\xi) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma) \quad (10)$$

3. (1), (10)

$$U(x), T_{\alpha} - \quad D_{\epsilon}, \quad (D_{\epsilon}). \quad \tilde{D}_{\epsilon}, \quad (10). \quad (1), (10)$$

$$U(x), T_{\alpha} - \quad D, \quad (N_i).$$

$$A_{\alpha}[U(\xi)]|_{\Gamma} = \varphi(\xi), \quad \varphi(\xi) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma) \quad (11)$$

5. (1), (11)

$$U(x), T_{\alpha} - \quad D_{\epsilon}, \quad (N_{\epsilon}). \quad \tilde{D}_{\epsilon}, \quad A_{\alpha} - \quad (11).$$

6. (1), (11)

### §6.

(1)

$$E(x, x_0) \quad (1)$$

$$V(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) \frac{1}{\rho_{x\xi}^{p-2}} \xi_p^{\epsilon-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (12)$$

$$W(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \nu(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{x\xi}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{\epsilon-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (13)$$



$$I = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{\varepsilon-\alpha} d\Gamma$$

$$7. \quad \begin{matrix} x_p = 0 \\ x_p = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \Gamma -$$

$$I = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{\varepsilon-\alpha} d\Gamma = \begin{cases} -1, x_0 \in D, \\ -\frac{1}{2}, x_0 \in \Gamma, \\ 0, x_0 \in \mathbb{E}_p^+ \setminus \tilde{D} = D_e; \end{cases}$$

$$8. \quad \begin{matrix} \Gamma - \\ x_p = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \nu \in C(\Gamma)$$

$$W_i(x_0) = -\frac{\nu_0}{2} + \tilde{W}(x_0), \quad W_e(x_0) = \frac{\nu_0}{2} + \tilde{W}(x_0),$$

$$\begin{matrix} W_i(x_0) & W_e(x_0) & W(x) \\ x_0 \in \Gamma & x \rightarrow x_0 & \Gamma, \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \tilde{W}(x_0) - & W(x) & x_0 \in \Gamma. \\ x_0 \in \Gamma - & \Gamma, \nu_0 = \nu(x_0). \end{matrix}$$

$$(12) \quad x_0 \in \Gamma:$$

$$A_{\alpha x_0} [V(x)] = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\alpha x_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{\varepsilon-\alpha} d\Gamma$$

$$9. \quad \begin{matrix} \Gamma - \\ x_p = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \mu \in C(\Gamma)$$

$$A_{\alpha x_0} [V_i(x_0)] = \frac{\mu_0}{2} + A_{\alpha x_0} [\tilde{V}(x_0)], \quad A_{\alpha x_0} [V_e(x_0)] = -\frac{\mu_0}{2} + A_{\alpha x_0} [\tilde{V}(x_0)],$$

$$A_{\alpha x_0} [V_i(x_0)] \quad A_{\alpha x_0} [V_e(x_0)]$$

$$\begin{matrix} V(x) & \\ x_0 \in \Gamma & x \rightarrow x_0 & \Gamma, \end{matrix}$$

$$A_{\alpha x_0} [\tilde{V}(x_0)] = \begin{cases} V(x) & x_0 \in \Gamma \\ \Gamma, \mu_0 = \mu(x_0) \end{cases} \quad x_0 \in \Gamma -$$

§7.

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} v(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_0^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (14)$$

$T_{\alpha}$  -  $D$

$\tilde{D}$  -  $v(\xi)$  -  $D_i$

(14) (10)  $D_i$

$U(x)$  (10)

$$-\frac{v_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} v(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_0^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = f(\xi_0)$$

$D_i$

$$v_0 - \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} v(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_0^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = -2f(\xi_0) \quad (D_i)$$

$v_0 = v(\xi_0)$ .

$D_e$   $D_e$

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} v(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_0^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (15)$$

$T_{\alpha}$  -  $D_e = E_p^+ \setminus \tilde{D}$  -

$\tilde{D}_e$  -  $v(\xi)$  -

(10)  $D_e$  (15)

$$U(x) \tag{10}$$

$$\frac{\nu_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \nu(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = f(\xi_0)$$

$D_e$

$$\nu_0 + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \nu(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = 2f(\xi_0) \tag{D_e}$$

$$\nu_0 = \nu(\xi_0).$$

$N_i$

$N_i$

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \tag{16}$$

$U(x)$

$T_{\alpha}$

$D$

$\tilde{D}$

$\mu(\xi)$

(16)

(11)

$N_i$

$U(x)$

(11)

$$\frac{\mu_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = \varphi(\xi_0)$$

$N_i$

$$\mu_0 + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = 2\varphi(\xi_0) \tag{N_i}$$

$$\mu_0 = \mu(\xi_0).$$

$N_e$

$N_e$

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) \frac{1}{\rho_{\alpha\xi}^{p-2}} \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (17)$$

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) \frac{1}{\rho_{\alpha\xi}^{p-2}} \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (11)$$

$$D_e = E_p^+ \setminus \tilde{D}, \quad v(\xi) \quad (17)$$

$$U(x) \quad (11)$$

$$-\frac{\mu_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\alpha\xi_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = \varphi(\xi_0)$$

$$\mu_0 - \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\alpha\xi_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = 2\varphi(\xi_0) \quad (N_e)$$

$$\mu_0 = \mu(\xi_0)$$

$$(D_i), (D_e), (N_i), (N_e)$$

- 1).
- 2).

$$A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right] \quad A_{\alpha\xi_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\xi_0}^{p-2}} \right]$$

$$\xi_0$$

$$\xi$$

$$(D_i) \quad (N_e), (D_e) \quad (N_i)$$

1.

$D_i$

$N_e$

$$f(\xi_0), \varphi(\xi_0) \in C_\alpha(\Gamma).$$

$$\mu_0 - \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \mu(\xi) A_{\text{ext}_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{ext}_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma = 0 \quad (18)$$

$$\bar{U}(x)$$

$$\bar{U}(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \bar{\mu}(\xi) \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{ext}_0}^{p-2}} \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \quad (19)$$

$$A_{\text{ext}_0}[\bar{U}(x)] = -\frac{\bar{\mu}_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \bar{\mu}(\xi) A_{\text{ext}_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{ext}_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \equiv 0 \quad (20)$$

$$N_e \bar{U}(x) \equiv 0, \quad x \in D_e.$$

$$\bar{U}(x) \equiv 0, \quad x \in \Gamma. \quad (21)$$

$$\bar{U}(x) \equiv 0, \quad x \in D. \quad (21)$$

$$D_i \bar{U}(x) \equiv 0, \quad x \in D.$$

$$A_{\text{ext}_0}[\bar{U}(x)] = \frac{\bar{\mu}_0}{2} + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \bar{\mu}(\xi) A_{\text{ext}_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{ext}_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma \equiv 0 \quad (22)$$

$$\bar{\mu}(\xi) \equiv 0, \quad x \in D. \quad (20),$$

$$(18)$$

$$(N_*)$$

$$\varphi(\xi_0) \in C_\alpha(\Gamma).$$

$$\lambda = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}}$$

$$A_{\text{ext}_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{tot}}^{p-2}} \right],$$

$$A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{tot}}^{p-2}} \right].$$

$$f(\xi_0) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma).$$

$$(D_i) \quad D_i$$

$$D_i \quad N_i$$

$$10. \quad x_p = 0$$

$$\Gamma$$

$$D_i$$

$$f(\xi_0) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma),$$

$$11. \quad x_p = 0$$

$$\Gamma$$

$$N_i$$

$$\varphi(\xi_0) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma),$$

2.

$$\lambda = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}}$$

$$(D_e) \quad (N_i)$$

$$A_{\alpha} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{tot}}^{p-2}} \right]$$

$$A_{\text{ext}_0} \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{\text{tot}}^{p-2}} \right].$$

$$12. \quad x_p = 0$$

$$\Gamma$$

$$\int_{\Gamma} \varphi(\xi) \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\xi = 0,$$

$$N_i$$

$$\varphi(\xi_0) \in C_{\alpha}(\Gamma),$$

13.  $x_p = 0$ ,  $\Gamma$  -  $D_e$

$f(\xi_0) \in C_\alpha(\Gamma)$ ,

$$U(x) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}}} \int_{\Gamma} \nu(\xi) A_\alpha \left[ \frac{1}{\rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \right] \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma + \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)}{2\pi^{\frac{p}{2}} \rho_{x_0}^{p-2}} \int_{\Gamma} \nu(\xi) \xi_p^{-\alpha} d\Gamma$$

$$\rho_{x_0} = \sqrt{|x|^2 + \left(\frac{x_p^{1-\alpha}}{1-\alpha}\right)^2}.$$